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DATE MAILED: 04/28/2006

APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/074,294	i	02/12/2002	Henrik Jensen	BP 2107	4917	
51472	7590	04/28/2006		EXAMINER		
GARLICK HARRISON & MARKISON LLP P.O. BOX 160727					EVIN	
AUSTIN, 1		-0727		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				2611		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	7				
	10/074,294	JENSEN ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Kevin Y. Kim	2611					
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	opears on the cover sheet w	vith the correspondence address	;				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPONDED FOR INC. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUN .136(a). In no event, however, may a d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO tte, cause the application to become A	ICATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this communitations (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13.	<u>April 2006</u> .						
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ Th	is action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	, <u> </u>						
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1-27 is/are pending in the applicatio 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdres 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-5,10-14,19-22,27 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 6-9,15-18 and 23-26 is/are objected 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/ Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examination of the drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) according to a positive pending in the application.	awn from consideration. I to. Yor election requirement. her. scepted or b) □ objected to	•					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	= : :	• • • •	104(4)				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documer 2. Certified copies of the priority documer 3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. Ints have been received in a corrective or the second or the	Application No n received in this National Stag	e				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 					

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on April 13, 2006 has been entered.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments filed on April 13, 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argue that the Torsti patent fails to teach "updating the determined sampling point based on a difference between the system symbol rate and the transmit symbol rate" because it calculate a difference between samples S(-1) and S(1). The Torsti patent endeavors to make the symbol clock of the receiver follow as accurately as possible the symbol clock of the transmitter. See col. 1, lines 34-45. Thus, the difference between a difference samples S(-1) and S(1) and a target is caused by and thus is actually a measure of a difference between the system symbol rate and the transmit symbol rate. Since the claims used the phrase "based on," one can not say that the Torsti patent's updating the determined sampling point is not based on a difference between the system symbol rate and the transmit symbol rate.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

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3. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

4. Claims 1, 4, 5, 10,11, 13, 14, 19, 20, 21, 22 and 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lu (5,991,346 previously cited) in view of Torsti (US 5,724,397 cited previously).

Claims 1, 11 and 20.

Lu discloses a method for determining an optimum sampling time for data recovery, comprising the steps of;

receiving an encoded signal, i.e., NRZ data signal, which has positive and negative values with respect to a reference (see Fig.3)

determining a reference crossing of the encoded signal, i.e., a zero crossing, see col.5, lines 1-7,

determining a sampling phase based on the zero crossing and the symbol rate, see col.5, lines 7-11, and

sampling the encoded signal at the determined sampling phase.

But Lu fails to teach "updating the determined sampling phase based on a difference between the system symbol rate and the transmit symbol rate." Torsti teaches adjusting the sampling phase based on a difference between the system symbol rate and the transmit symbol rate. See col.1, 28-43 describing controlling the phase of a symbol clock in order to compensate the transmitter jitter (a difference between the transmitter symbol rate and the receiver symbol clock), and col. 4, lines 4-19. Thus, it would have been obvious to one skilled

in the art at the time the invention was made to further adjust the determined sampling phase of Lu based on a difference between the system symbol rate and the transmit symbol rate, as taught by Torsti, for the purpose of synchronizing the transmitter and the receiver even in an communication environment causing a transmitter jitter.

Additionally with respect to Claim 11, Lu discloses all the subject matter claimed as explained above. Further Lu teaches a programmed DSP to carry out the process, i.e., using a processor and instructions stored in a memory. See col.3, lines 31-39.

Additionally with respect to 20, Lu discloses all the subject matter claimed as explained above but does not describe radio receiver components including an LNA, IF downconverter, bandpass filter, A/D and a demodulator. However, there are all well known and commonly used radio receiver components and thus would have been obviously used by Lu when its signal is transmitter over the radio communication to receive GSM communication signal. See col.1, lines 23-24.

Claims 4, 13 and 21.

It is well established that the NRZ encoded signal, such as used by Lu, contains a clock signal and thus the symbol rate is determined based on the encoded data.

Claims 5, 14 and 22.

An initial sampling phase is set and utilized before a midpoint is found between zero crossings.

Claims 10, 19 and 27.

Lu teaches that the symbol time includes a plurality of oversampling times. See col. 5, lines 27-39.

5. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lu in view of Torsti, as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Serfaty et al (US 4,651,026 previously cited).

Lu in view of Torsti discloses all the subject matter claimed except for the encoded signal being a multi-leveled one having "third data values" and "fourth data values." Serfaty et al disclose a need for achieving optimum sampling time in a multi-level signal. See col.3, line 62 – col.4, line 2. Thus, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to recover a multi-level signal such as disclosed by Serfaty by using the sampling time determination method of Lu for the purpose of providing an optimum sampling point to the received multi-leveled signal.

6. Claims 3 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lu in view of Torsti, as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Roberts et al (US 4,575,683 previously cited).

Lu in view of Torsti discloses all the subject matter claimed except for determining and removing a DC offset in the received encoded signal. Roberts et al teach a method of determining and removing a DC offset in the received encoded signal. See Fig.1, 2A, 2B, 3A and 3B. Thus, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to determine and remove a DC offset in the received signal of Lu prior to sampling for the purpose of providing dc offset compensated signal for more accurate decoding the received signal as taught by Roberts et al.

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Allowable Subject Matter

7. Claims 6-9,15-18,23-26 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim,

but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the

base claim and any intervening claims.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Kevin Y. Kim whose telephone number is 571-272-3039. The

examiner can normally be reached on 8AM -- 5PM M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Jay Patel can be reached on 571-272-2988. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

April 26, 2006

KEVIN KIM PATENT EYAMINER

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